

Subject: **Advisory - Prevention Against Threats Posed by Wireless Router (Advisory No 42), July 2018**

1. **Introduction.** Wireless **Routers** poses serious **Security threats** as it may allow anyone in **close proximity** to access your **complete network** and **monitor traffic** by hacking the router.
2. **Technical Analysis.**
 - a. **Security vulnerabilities** are found in **open source firmware** components, details are as under:-
 - (1) **WPA2 (KRACK)** - Key reinstallation attack.
 - (2) **ffmpeg** - Denial of Service.
 - (3) **openssl** - DoS, buffer overflow and remote code execution.
 - (4) **Samba** - Remote code execution.
 - b. Wireless routers are also open to direct cyber-attacks where hackers can gain **illegitimate** access and perform **malicious activities**, details are as under-
 - (1) Man-in-the-Middle attack.
 - (2) **Brute force** attack.
 - (3) **Rogue Access Points.**
 - (4) Endpoint Attacks.
 - (5) Packet Analyzers.
 - (6) **Evil Twins.**
3. **Affected Product Versions.** All wireless routers from firms like **TP Link, Linksys, Net gear** etc.
4. **Release of New Wi - Fi Security Feature.**
 - a. Security researchers uncovered a severe flaw **protocol, dubbed KRACK (Key Reinstallation** Possible for attackers to **intercept, decrypt** and Even **manipulate WiFi** network traffic.
 - b. The Wi-Fi Alliance has launched **WPA3 - the next-generation** Wi-R security Standard to eliminate **all the known security vulnerabilities** and **wireless attacks** eg KRACK attacks.
 - c. **WPA3** security standard will replace the **existing WPA2.**
 - d. Key features provided by the new protocol are as under-
 - (1) Protection against **Brute-Force Attacks.**
 - (2) Protecting **Public / Open Wi-Fi** Networks.
 - (3) **Strong Encryption** for Critical Networks.

5. **Mitigation Measures.** Following best practices are suggested in this regard:-

- a. Ensure installation of **latest version** of the firmware **and strong paWor'i** ac ss to network routers.
- b. Disable router's remote administration feature and **hardcode "1.1.1.1." DNS server IF** address into the operating system network Settings.
- c. It is advised to make sure the sites you are visiting has **HTTPS enabled**.
- d. Keep all the softwares, browsers and operating system **up-to-date**.
- e. Change the name of your **default** home network (**SSID**).
- f. Make sure you set a **strong** and unique **password** to secure your wireless network.
- g. **Turn off** the wireless home network when not in use.
- h. Change your **default IP** address on the Wireless router.
- i. Always apply the latest security patches to ensure no security hole is left open to malicious actors.
- j. Wi - FI encryption should be **WPA3** with **AES** and your **Wi-Fi** password should be at last **14 characters long**.
- k. Test your router for **open parts** using some **online testers** and block all open ports. **Turning off** features you are not using reduces the attack surface. Rim of following features:-

(1) Remote Management, Remote GUI or Web Access from WAN.

(2) SNMP, NAT - PMP 'and Telnet access to the router.

(a) WPS.

(b) Ping reply

(c) DHCP Functionality.

6. **Recommendations.**

- a. **Install and update well reputed antiviruses** such as 'Kaspersky, Avira, Avast etc.
- b. Always follow mitigation measures discussed at para 4
- c. Update all softwares including Windows OS, Microsoft Office and disable macros.
- d. Don't download attachments from untrusted sources.